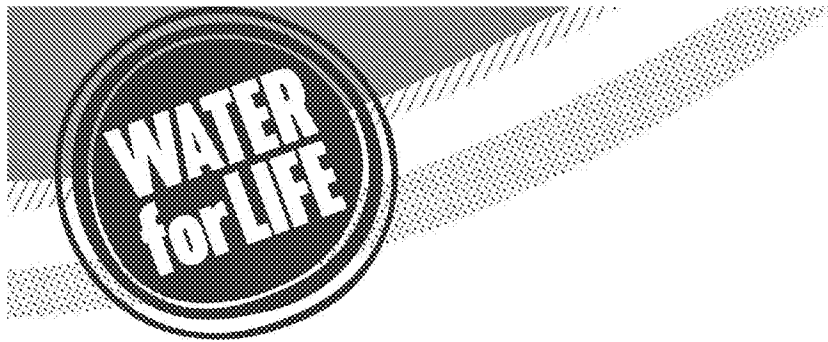




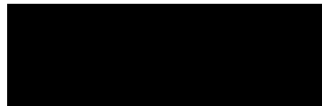
from
**Southern
Water** 

Planning and Development Services
Arun District Council
Arun Civic Centre
Maltravers Road
Littlehampton
West Sussex
BN17 5LF

Your ref
Y/70/19/HH

Our ref
PLAN-029620

Date
03/10/2019



Dear Sirs,

Proposal: Extension to front elevation & conversion of existing rear conservatory.
Site: Y/70/19/HH: - 28, Downview Road, Yapton, BN18 0HJ.

Thank you for your letter dated 03/09/2019.

It appears that the developer is intending to build over to a public foul sewer which is crossing the site. Building over a "public sewer" is not normally permitted by Southern Water.

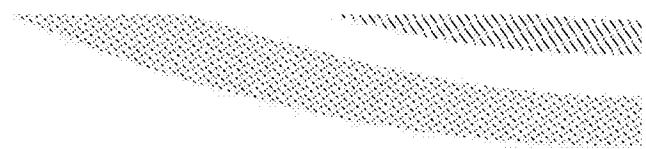
However, under certain circumstances building over a sewer may be allowed. The conditions associated with the build over a sewer are contained in Southern Water guidance notes which are available at: www.southernwater.co.uk. A formal application to build over to the sewer will required to be submitted by the applicant.

The applicant has not stated details of means of disposal of foul and surface water drainage from the site.

Southern Water requires a formal application for a connection to the foul sewer to be made by the applicant or developer. We request that should this application receive planning approval, the following informative is attached to the consent:

A formal application for connection to the public sewerage system is required in order to service this development. Please read our New Connections Services Charging Arrangements documents which has now been published and is available to read on our website via the following link <https://beta.southernwater.co.uk/infrastructure-charges>

Our initial investigations indicate that there are no public surface water sewers in the area to serve this development. Alternative means of draining surface water from this development are required. This should not involve disposal to a public foul sewer.



It is possible that a sewer now deemed to be public could be crossing the development site. Therefore, should any sewer be found during construction works, an investigation of the sewer will be required to ascertain its ownership before any further works commence on site.

Due to surface water inundation issues in the Lidsey Catchment the applicant is advised to adopt, where appropriate, the measures in the table "Practical measures to reduce the potential impacts of development". Developer should look to protect the public sewerage system from inundation and infiltration, which contribute to flooding in unfavourable conditions.

For further advice, please contact Southern Water, Sparrowgrove House, Sparrowgrove, Otterbourne, Hampshire SO21 2SW ([REDACTED]) www.southernwater.co.uk or by email at [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

Yours sincerely,

[REDACTED]

Luis Silva
Developer Services

SOUTHERN WATER



The positions of pipes shown on this plan are believed to be correct, but Southern Water Services Ltd accept no responsibility in the event of inaccuracy. The actual positions should be determined on site.

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O.S. REF: SU9803SW

Scale: 1:1250

Screen Print

ARUN DISTRICT COUNCIL Y770/19/HH

WARNING: BAC pipes are constructed of Bonded Asbestos Cement

WARNING: Unknown GHSX materials may include Spontaneous Combustion



Printed By: chandne

Date: 27-9-2019

Southern Water MapGuide Browser

Requested By:



Practical measures to reduce the potential adverse impacts of development

Reasons	Practical measures
Adequate and sustainable surface water drainage.	No surface water connections to the wastewater system. (See part H of the Building Regulations)
Guard against further groundwater infiltration into the foul drains or sewers serving the development.	The use of fusion jointed MDPE pipes can prevent groundwater infiltration and require a minimum of maintenance. The use of mass concrete surrounds to inspection chambers and manholes can prevent infiltration and require a minimum of maintenance
Guard against surface floodwaters entering the foul system serving the development.	Overland surface water flow routes should be provided for flows greater than those for which pipelines and culverts have been designed. Wherever possible, foul sewer routes, manhole covers, sink waste gullies, etc. should avoid overland surface water flow routes and any areas where surface water ponding may occur. Failing that they should be sealed against potential surface water inflows. Any sink waste gullies in areas of potential surface water inundation should be sealed or defended by raised brickwork or similar Bolt down sealed inspection chamber and manholes covers should be used in areas of potential surface water inundation. Raising the level of the development above the highways which serve it can protect buildings and their drainage systems from potential surface water inundation. However, care should be taken at local low spots in the highway where overland surface water flows may gather and overflow onto properties.
Protect the properties from foul flooding or unusable sanitation should the public sewerage system surcharge.	Part H of the Building Regulations contains suitable practical measures. However, the provision of an external gully is inappropriate where there is a risk of surface water flooding. In these circumstances, non-return valves are more appropriate. Dirigo or similar non-return air valves are now commonly fitted to soil vent pipes thereby allowing them to allow them to vent within the building. This practice can lead to problems with bubbling WCs, the blow out of U bend traps and odour within buildings when the sewerage system surcharges. The use of traditional external vent pipes without air valves can prevent this.