

REASONS FOR PROPOSED TREE WORK

The site was recently surveyed with the trees below being identified as requiring further action.

Tree No	Tag No.	Species	Comments	Action Required	Reasons for Work
T3	156	False acacia	Thick ivy ascending into high crown, unable to perform thorough inspection, physiological condition assessed only Stem bifurcates c. 1.5m, unable to assess due to ivy Low branches over footpath and access road	Crown lift over footpath to 2.3m and 3.5m over access road	The branches are growing low over the access road and footpath, the specification is intended to maintain a suitable clearance to abate the risk of vehicular damage and physical injury due to the thorns, over the footpath
G5	158	Poplar	Group of 12 trees growing next to the boundary fence with allotments Thick ivy ascends into the mid/high crown on many of them A number of branches overhang allotment	Lateral prune to source subordinate branches overhanging allotment plots 5,6,& 7 <u>T1 in G5/158 opposite Allotment Bed 5</u> 1 x branch at 6m heading NW 2 x branches at 9.5m heading W & S 1 x branch at 10.5m heading NW 1 x branch at 13m heading NW 1 x branch at 13.5m heading NW <u>T2 in G5/158 opposite Allotment Bed 5</u> Reduce 1 x stem section leaning west by c.6m Current height c.16m Finished height c.10m <u>T3 in G5/158 opposite Allotment Bed 6</u> 1 x branch at 6m heading W 1 x branch at 6.5m heading NW 1 x branch at 8m heading W 1 x branch at 8.5m heading W <u>T4 in G5/158 opposite Allotment Bed 7</u> 1 x branch at 6m heading W 1 x branch at 8m heading W	It is recognised that members of the Poplar species are prone to branch breakages due to their rapid growth rate and low-density wood quality. The specification is intended to minimise the risk of branches failing and falling onto the occupants of the allotments whilst they are working on their plots or sheltering in the sheds

