

Recommendation Report for Prior Notification of Work to Tree(s) in a Conservation Area

REF NO: FP/32/20/TC

LOCATION: Old School House
114 Felpham Road
Felpham
PO22 7PP

PROPOSAL: Various works to various trees within the Felpham Conservation area

SITE AND SURROUNDINGS

DESCRIPTION OF APPLICATION	As above
TREES	The Tree is situated on the site of Old School House 114 Felpham Road
SITE CHARACTERISTICS	Dwelling
CHARACTER OF LOCALITY	Residential

RELEVANT SITE HISTORY

FP/11/20/TC	Fell 1 No. Beech tree within the Felpham Conservation area	No Objection 24-02-20
FP/158/19/TC	Works to various trees within the Felpham Conservation area.	
FP/50/11/TC	Fell 1 Silver Birch tree and lop dead branches to various trees within the Felpham Conservation Area	No Objection 16-05-11
FP/39/93/TC	Lop one tree within the Felpham Conservation Area	No Objection 21-05-93

Relevant Planning History Noted

REPRESENTATIONS

REPRESENTATIONS RECEIVED:

Felpham Parish Council

No objections
No representation from nearby occupiers

COMMENTS ON REPRESENTATIONS RECEIVED:

Noted

CONSULTATIONS

Arboriculturist
Conservation Officer

CONSULTATION RESPONSES RECEIVED:

The subject trees and work proposals are identifiable from the submitted forms and sketch drawing, although for clarity T3 is a Strawberry tree / Arbutus unedo and not a Cherry.

General comments

The rowan (T4) is a young, suppressed specimen of low amenity value. Collectively, the strawberry tree (T3), bay laurel (T2) and yew (T1) add character to the area, although sadly as individuals they are not of sufficient health or form to qualify for the making of an Order. As such, the work proposed (which would provide no obvious health benefit to the trees) must be allowed to proceed.

T1 yew - displays poor crown density and localised tip dieback, symptomatic of root dysfunction. T3 strawberry tree - while appearing healthy and displaying an attractive crown profile has a history of limb failure and erratic structure.

Conclusion

I raise No Objection to the works that have been applied for and see no reason to make a Tree Preservation Order in this instance.

COMMENTS ON CONSULTATION RESPONSES:

Comments noted

POLICY CONTEXT

Built up Area Boundary
Tree Preservation Order
Conservation Area

DEVELOPMENT PLAN POLICIES

PLANNING POLICY GUIDANCE:

NPPDG	National Design Guide
NPPF	National Planning Policy Framework
NPPG	National Planning Practice Guidance

POLICY COMMENTARY

The above policies are general and, other than online Planning Policy Guidance under references ID 36-090-20140306 and ID 36-091-20140306, are not specific to trees.

DEVELOPMENT PLAN AND/OR LEGISLATIVE BACKGROUND

Section 211(1) of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 states:-

'Subject to the provision of this section and Section 212, any person who, in relation to a tree to which this section applies, does any act which might by virtue of Section 198(3)(a) be prohibited by a Tree Preservation Order shall be guilty of an offence.'

It is a defence to have provided notification to the Local Planning Authority 6 weeks in advance of any works. This is to enable the Local Planning Authority time to consider making a Tree Preservation Order.

OTHER MATERIAL CONSIDERATIONS

It is considered that there are no other material considerations to warrant a decision otherwise than in accordance with the Development Plan and/or legislative background.

CONCLUSIONS

Following the comments from the Tree Officer it is recommended there be no objections to the work proposed

HUMAN RIGHTS ACT

The Council in making a decision should be aware of and take into account any implications that may arise from the Human Rights Act 1998. Under the Act, it is unlawful for a public authority such as Arun District Council to act in a manner, which is incompatible with the European Convention on Human Rights.

Consideration has been specifically given to Article 8 (right to respect private and family life) and Article 1 of the First Protocol (protection of property). It is not considered that the recommendation for approval of the grant of permission in this case interferes unreasonably with any local residents' right to respect for their private and family life and home, except insofar as it is necessary to protect the rights and freedoms of others (in this case, the rights of the applicant). The Council is also permitted to control the use of property in accordance with the general interest and the recommendation for approval is considered to be a proportionate response to the submitted application based on the considerations set out in this report.

DUTY UNDER THE EQUALITIES ACT 2010

Duty under the Equalities Act 2010

In assessing this proposal the following impacts have been identified upon those people with the following protected characteristics (age, disability, gender reassignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity, race, religion or belief, sex or sexual orientation).

The proposal would have a neutral impact on the protected characteristics.

RECOMMENDATION

NO OBJECTION

- 1 **INFORMATIVE:** The applicant should note that under Part 1 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981, with only a few exceptions, it is an offence for any person to intentionally take, damage or destroy the nest of any wild birds while the nest is in use or being built. Birds nest between March and September and therefore removal of dense bushes, ivy or trees or parts of trees etc. during this period could lead to an offence under the act.
- 2 **INFORMATIVE:** This notice does not give authority to destroy or damage a bat roost or disturb a bat. Bat species are protected under Section 39 of the 1994 Conservation (Natural Habitats etc) Regulations (as amended), the 1981 Wildlife and Countryside Act (as amended) and the 2000 Countryside and Rights of Way Act. It is illegal to damage or destroy any bat roost, whether occupied or not, or disturb or harm a bat. If you are aware that bats roost in a tree(s) for which work is planned, you should take further advice from Natural England (via the Bat Conservation Trust on 0845 1300228) or an ecological consultant before you start. If bats are discovered during the work, you must stop immediately and contact Natural England before continuing.