

Engineers Comments Regarding Surface Water Drainage

Application Reference:	CM/16/26/HH	Reviewer Reference:	ADC/KW/PC
Planning Officer:	Rhiannon Lloyd	Date of Review:	22/07/2026
Site Name:	3 New Thatched Cottages, Climping Street		
Application Description:	Construction of detached garage/workshop with studio over.		
Assessment Number:	1 of 1		

Policy and Guidance Information

Arun District Council Surface Water Drainage Guidance (including design checklists) - <https://www.arun.gov.uk/surfacewater>

Land Drainage Consent – <https://www.westsussex.gov.uk/fire-emergencies-and-crime/dealing-with-extreme-weather/flooding/flood-risk-management/ordinary-watercourse-land-drainage-consent/>

Arun District Council Land Drainage Byelaws - <https://www.arun.gov.uk/byelaws/>

Arun District Council surface water pre-commencement conditions - <https://www.arun.gov.uk/planning-pre-commencement-conditions>

The National Standards for SuDS - <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/national-standards-for-sustainable-drainage-systems/national-standards-for-sustainable-drainage-systems-suds>

The SuDs Manual [C753] by CIRIA

Response	Objection
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References

The NPPF states that when determining any planning application, local planning authorities should ensure that flood risk is not increased elsewhere (paragraph 181, 182 and 187e). The PPG guides local planning authorities to refer to 'Sustainable drainage systems: non-statutory technical standards' [NsTS] and detailed industry guidance like The SuDS Manual [C753] by CIRIA to guide decisions about the design, maintenance, and operation of sustainable drainage systems for non-major development.

The NsTS have been superseded by the National Standards for Sustainable Drainage Systems [NSfS] from 19 June 2025.

This consultation has been primarily informed by the NSfS and The SuDS Manual.

Summary

This summary highlights if critical items aligning with each of the standards have been met. Critical items are highlighted in **bold** on our surface water drainage design checklist (linked above). A failure to address these will likely result in an **objection** to an objection to a full or reserved matters planning application.

If any of these items are inadequately addressed by the submission, then their correction may result in a redesign of the surface water drainage scheme. A redesign is likely to have site wide implications such as the potential for storage structures to increase in volume or plan area, or the provision of other important infrastructure to satisfy the NSfS set out below.

A full written explanation of the assessment and response is given in the consultation comments to the planning officer.

Standard	Assessment	Response
1. Runoff destination	Insufficient	Objection
2. Interception drainage	Insufficient	No objection subject to conditions
3. Extreme Rainfall and Flooding	Insufficient	Objection
4. Water Quality	Insufficient	No objection subject to conditions
5. Amenity	Insufficient	No objection subject to conditions
6. Biodiversity	Insufficient	No objection subject to conditions
7. Construction, operation, maintenance, decommissioning and structural integrity	Insufficient	No objection subject to conditions

Reviewed Plans

The following documents have been submitted and reviewed to inform this consultation with reference to surface water drainage:

SW Drainage Layout 2139/D3

Micro Drainage Calculations

Flood Risk Assessment (FRA)

Consultation comments to the planning officer

0. General

Insufficient information regarding surface water drainage has been submitted to evidence that flood risk will not be increased as due to the proposed development.

Southern Water should be consulted due to the proximity of the public foul rising main.

1. Runoff destination

It is proposed to manage surface water on site via a new soakaway. We support this approach in principle, as infiltration is the highest priority discharge location (after water re-use) in the drainage hierarchy and aligns with Standard 1 of the Non-Statutory Technical Standards for SuDS (NSfS). However, insufficient evidence has been provided to demonstrate that infiltration is a viable solution. It is the responsibility of the applicant or their drainage designer to provide this evidence. Without it, we are unable to assess whether the proposed development would increase flood risk. For this reason **we object** to the proposal.

To support an infiltration-based design, winter groundwater monitoring must be undertaken to confirm that a minimum of one metre of unsaturated ground can be maintained between the base of the soakaway or infiltration structure and the peak groundwater level. Ground conditions and infiltration potential in Climping are highly variable. While infiltration may be feasible in some areas, others experience high groundwater levels or poor infiltration rates that render it unviable. This must be robustly demonstrated by the applicant. The FRA indicates ground water monitoring has been undertaken, this should be submitted to support the design.

The results of infiltration testing have also been provided, however the details of each test have not been submitted in support of this, including test depth. We would also expect details of the soil composition for the trial pit to be evidenced.

If infiltration is not viable, then alternative sustainable means of draining the site are summarised as follows:

Water reuse – not proposed but will not provide a full design solution and can be secured via condition.

Infiltration – proposed but not fully evidenced.

To a watercourse – 143 metres to the south – Ryebank Rife (main river)

To a surface water sewer – in verge opposite side of Climping Street, no details provided.

To a highway drainage system – none available according to our records.

To a combined sewer – none available.

It is essential that each discharge destination is considered in strict priority order, with higher priority options fully explored and demonstrably exhausted before progressing to lower priority alternatives. Robust evidence must be provided to discount a higher priority destination.

There is a public surface water sewer located to grass verge in the opposite side of the highway. No information regarding this option has been submitted. If infiltration is not viable, the applicant would need to investigate the possibility of connecting surface water to this sewer via Southern Water.

It is demonstrated that if infiltration is later found not to be viable, then the applicant has not submitted, and we are not aware of, a compliant alternative disposal destination for surface water.

The application site is in the Lidsey Wastewater Treatment Catchment Area. This catchment is the subject of a surface water management plan due in part to the recognised history of foul sewer flooding.

2. Interception drainage

Interception features should be included within the SuDS design, as no details have been provided then we are unable to assess this information. However, in recognition that the National Planning Policy Framework states that SuDS should be proportionate to the nature and scale of the proposal we are

willing to accept that the following interception features can demonstrate compliance without further detailed assessment.

- Infiltration features designed to meet extreme rainfall standards.
- Water butts or other means of reuse that are not designed for regular daily demand attached to all new downpipes.
- Raingardens and bioretention features attached to all new downpipes.
- Permeable surfacing.

These features will not affect the scale or layout of development and as such can be secured by condition.

3. Extreme rainfall and flooding

Mapping data indicates that by 2070-2125 the site is at a risk of flooding (undefended scenario). Product 4 data should be requested from the Environmental Agency. further guidance, please refer to our *SuDS in Flood Areas* document available online at www.arun.gov.uk/surfacewater.

Surface water drainage modelling has been provided, this may require updating as a result of the above advice. In the absence this evidence, we cannot assess if flood risk will be increased by the surface water drainage of the proposed development. Therefore, this application does not accord with the NPPF as set out above.

4. Water quality

Insufficient evidence of water quality benefits has been provided, and as such, Standard 4 of the NSfS has not been met. However, the submission of this evidence is unlikely to affect the scale or layout of the development. Therefore, we do not object to the proposal on these grounds, subject to a condition securing the provision of details demonstrating water quality benefits.

5. Amenity

Insufficient amenity benefits arising from the proposed SuDS have been identified, and therefore Standard 5 of the Systems NSfS has not been met. However, the submission of such evidence is unlikely to affect the scale or layout of the development. Accordingly, we do not object to the proposal on these grounds, subject to a condition securing details of amenity benefits.

6. Biodiversity

Insufficient biodiversity benefits arising from the proposed SuDS have been identified, and therefore Standard 6 of the Systems NSfS has not been met. However, the submission of such evidence is unlikely to affect the scale or layout of the development. Accordingly, we do not object to the proposal on these grounds, subject to a condition securing details of biodiversity benefits.

7. Construction, operation, maintenance, decommissioning and structural integrity

Insufficient information regarding the construction, operation and maintenance of the SuDS system, and therefore Standard 8 of the Systems NSfS. However, in the absence of significant existing trees which could impact the scale and layout and location of SuDS features, most elements of this standard can normally be secured via condition. The submission of a Management and Maintenance Plan is unlikely to affect the scale or layout of the development. Accordingly, we do not object to the proposal on these grounds, subject to a condition securing the detailed surface water drainage design.

8. Overcoming the objection

As this is not a holding objection or a request for further information, requested conditions are not listed. If you are minded to approve this application, please reconsult engineers for a list of suggested conditions to ensure that the development is adequately drained and does not increase flood risk elsewhere.

The imposition of conditions at this stage rather than overcoming the objection could result in a circumstance where the condition cannot be discharged. In the event of attaching a condition that cannot be discharged, permission may be invalid or that condition could be deemed to be unreasonable.

If you are minded to allow the applicant additional time to submit further documents to support this application, then further evidence may overcome our objection. Please do not allow the applicant to submit further documents without prior discussion as to whether it will be possible for these to be assessed or influence your determination.

Drainage Impact on Other Planning Matters

This application has been assessed with regards to surface water drainage design only, together with land drainage aspects if deemed necessary.

Other planning matters occasionally effect the surface water drainage design. If plans relating to other matters have been assessed for their impact on the proposed drainage, then it must not be assumed that they have been assessed for any other purpose. The planning officer is advised to check for conflicts with any existing approved plans and to consult any relevant consultees as appropriate.

It has been identified that the following consultees may have comments about the plans that have been submitted and reviewed for this application:

- ☐ Landscaping officer (proposed trees and landscaping)
- ☐ Tree officer (existing trees)
- ☐ Environment Agency (main rivers and fluvial/tidal flood risk, River Arun internal drainage board, groundwater source protection zones)
- ☒ Southern Water (foul drainage and surface water disposal to public sewer network/groundwater source protection zones)
- ☐ Portsmouth Water (groundwater source protection zones)
- ☐ Lead local flood authority (all other sources of flooding and ordinary watercourses)
- ☐ Other: Specify
- ☒ None

From: Elaine Walby on behalf of Planning.Responses
Sent: 31 July 2026 17:03
To: Planning Scanning
Subject: FW: CM/16/26/HH
Attachments: CM-16-26-HH 3 New Thatched Cottages.docx

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From: Kathryn Welch <Kathryn.Welch@arun.gov.uk>
Sent: 31 July 2026 15:49
To: Planning.Responses <Planning.Responses@arun.gov.uk>; Rhiannon Lloyd <Rhiannon.Lloyd@arun.gov.uk>
Cc: Paul Cann <Paul.Cann@arun.gov.uk>; Joe Dixon <Joe.Dixon@arun.gov.uk>
Subject: CM/16/26/HH

Please find attached the engineers consultee response, an objection.

Kind regards,

Kathryn Welch
Senior Planning Officer, Planning Department

Please note: My working hours are currently split between Development Management and ADC Engineers, which may result in extended response times. **Development Management:** Tuesdays and Thursdays **ADC Engineers:** Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays

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