

SuDS Maintenance Schedule

Land Adj The Hollies, Barnham Road, Barnham PO22 0ES

Planning Ref: BN/33/26/PL

1 Maintenance

1.1 Introduction

- 1.1.1 During construction, the Contractor will be responsible for maintaining the drainage and SuDS (Sustainable Drainage Systems). Upon handover, the occupiers will take on the responsibility of these duties as laid out in this report. The maintenance schedule for the proposed development will be split down into two separate categories; SuDS features and regular private drainage.
- 1.1.2 Surface water runoff from roof areas are to discharge either directly into the SuDS planters on site or into the surface water network. Runoff will then follow the network before discharging into a surface water sewer within Market Close. The network will make use of rainwater harvesting tanks and an attenuation tank which will require maintenance.
- 1.1.3 The SuDS planters provide treatment to the runoff and also act as a natural filter for leaves, silt and other debris to stop it entering the drainage network. The system also utilises rainwater harvesting which is fitted with its own filter system and allows for the re-use of rainwater within external areas of the site. In addition to the above features, the system also utilises an attenuation tank which is a plastic crate system installed below ground that is wrapped in an impermeable material to hold water during larger storm events. These are required as the discharge rate from the site is restricted to reduce risks of flooding downstream.
- 1.1.4 The access road is constructed from a permeable surface which allows runoff to discharge below ground into the sub-base of the system. This runoff is then discharged into the rest of the drainage network alongside roof area runoff.
- 1.1.5 Should these features not be maintained correctly, the site will be at risk of flooding and will potentially cause damage to property on site.

1.2 SuDS at Land Adj The Hollies, Barnham

1.2.1 As listed above, in section 5.1.2, the SuDS features used on site will be **Permeable Paving, Rainwater Harvesting and Bio-retention planters**

1.2.2 The SuDS features have been designed for easy maintenance and comprise:

- Regular Day-to-Day care – litter collection, regular gardening to control vegetation growth and checking inlets where water enters the SuDS features
- Occasional tasks – checking the SuDS features and removing any silt that builds up in the SuDS feature
- Remedial work – repairing damage where necessary

1.3 SuDS Drainage Maintenance Specification

1.3.1 Rainwater Harvesting Tank

In order to maintain the functioning of the rainwater harvesting tanks, the following maintenance requirements should be adhered to:

Operation and maintenance requirements for rainwater harvesting tanks		
Maintenance Schedule	Required Action	Typical Frequency
Regular Maintenance	Ensure that all inlets and outlets are clear of debris and blockage	Weekly
	Remove debris inlets and outlets	Weekly
	Inspect first flush diverter to ensure it is working correctly and not clogged	Weekly – Clean if necessary
	Clean Filter screens	Monthly – Replace if damaged
	Inspect the tank for sediment build-up and any signs of algae	Monthly
	Inspect roof and gutters and clear of all debris	Every 3 months
	Inspect pump for any signs of wear or damage and test to ensure it is functioning correctly	Every 3 months
	Check bottom of the tank for sediment build-up and clear if necessary	Every 6 months
	Ensure all downpipes are clear and functioning correctly and clear if necessary	Every 6 months
	Test water	Every 6 months
	Thorough tank cleaning – drain tank, scrub interior and rinse	Annually or as required
	Service the pump and filtration system and replace any worn parts	Annually
	Inspect overflow to ensure it is working correctly and clear any obstructions	Annually
Monitoring	Monitor Water levels	Annually
	Inspect for pests e.g mosquitoes and take measures to prevent	As required

1.3.2 Attenuation Tank

In order to maintain the functioning of the soakaway, the following maintenance requirements should be adhered to:

Operation and maintenance requirements for Attenuation Tank		
Maintenance Schedule	Required Action	Typical Frequency
Regular Maintenance	Inspect and identify any areas that are not operating correctly. If required, take remedial action	Monthly for 3 months, then annually
	Remove debris from the catchment surface (where it may cause risks to performance)	Monthly
	For systems where rainfall infiltrates into the tank from above, check surface of filter for blockage by sediment, algae, or other matter; remove and replace surface infiltration medium as necessary.	Annually
	Remove sediment from per-treatment structures and/or internal forebays	Annually, or as required
Remedial Actions	Repair/rehabilitate inlets, outlet, overflows and vents	As required
Monitoring	Inspect/check all inlets, outlets, vents, and overflows to ensure that they are in good condition and operating as designed	Annually
	Survey inside of tank for sediment build-up and remove if necessary	Every 5 years or as required

1.3.3 Permeable Paving

In order to maintain the functioning of the permeable paving, the following maintenance requirements should be adhered to:

Table 21.3 Operation and maintenance requirements for permeable paving		
Maintenance Schedule	Required Action	Typical Frequency
Regular Maintenance	Brushing and vacuuming (standard cosmetic sweep over whole surface)	Once a year, after autumn leaf fall, or reduced frequency as required, based on site-specific observations of clogging or manufacturer's recommendations – pay particular attention to areas where water runs onto pervious surface from adjacent impermeable areas as this area is most likely to collect the most sediment
Occasional maintenance	Stabilise and mow contributing and adjacent areas	As required
	Removal of weeds or management using glyphosate applied directly into the weeds by an applicator rather than spraying	As required – once per year on less frequently used pavements
Remedial Actions	Remediate any landscaping which, through vegetation maintenance or soil slip, has been raised to within 50mm of level of the paving	As required
	Remedial work to any depressions, rutting and cracked or broken blocks considered detrimental to the structural performance or a hazard to users, and replace lost jointing material	As required
	Rehabilitation of surface and upper substructure by remedial sweeping	Every 10 to 15 years or as required (if infiltration performance is reduced due to significant clogging)
Monitoring	Initial inspection	Monthly for three months after installation
	Inspect for evidence of poor operation and/or weed growth – if required take remedial action	Three-monthly, 48h after large storms in first six months
	Inspect silt accumulation rate and establish appropriate brushing frequencies	Annually
	Monitor inspection chambers	Annually

1.3.4 Bio retention systems

In order to maintain the functioning of the bio retention systems, the following maintenance requirements should be adhered to:

Table 18.3 Operation and maintenance requirements for bio retention systems		
Maintenance Schedule	Required Action	Typical Frequency
Regular Inspections	Inspection infiltration surfaces for silting and ponding, record de-watering time of the facility and assess standing water levels in underdrain (if appropriate) to determine if maintenance is necessary	Quarterly
	Check operation of underdrains by inspection of flows after rain	Annually
	Assess plants for disease infection, poor growth, invasive species etc and replace as necessary	Quarterly
	Inspect inlets and outlets for blockages	Quarterly
Regular maintenance	Remove litter and surface debris and weeds	Quarterly (or more frequently for tidiness or aesthetic reasons)
	Replace any plants, to maintain planting density	As required
	Remove sediment, litter and debris build-up from around inlets or from forebays	Quarterly to biannually
Occasional maintenance	Infill any holes or scour in the filter medium, improve erosion protection if required	As required
	Repair minor accumulations of silt by raking away surface mulch, scarifying surface of medium and replacing mulch	As required
Remedial actions	Remove and replace filter medium and vegetation above	As required but likely to be > 20 years

1.4 General Drainage Maintenance Specification

1.4.1 Inlet Structures and Inspection Chambers

- Inlet structures such as rainwater downpipes, road gullies and channel drains should be free from obstruction at all times to allow free flow through the SuDS
- Inspection Chambers and Rodding Eyes are used on bends or where pipes come together. They allow access and cleaning to the system if necessary.

Inlet Structures and Inspection Chambers	
Regular Maintenance	Frequency
Inlet Structures Inspect rainwater downpipes, channel drains and road gullies, removing obstructions and silt as necessary. Check that there is no physical damage. Trim vegetation 1m min surround to structures and keep area free from silt and debris	Monthly
Inspection Chambers and below ground control chambers. Remove cover and inspect, ensuring that the water is flowing freely and that the exit route for water is unobstructed. Remove debris and silt. Undertake inspection after leaf fall in Autumn	Annually
Occasional Maintenance Check topsoil levels are 20mm above edges of chambers to avoid mower damage.	As necessary
Remedial Work Repair physical damage if necessary	As required

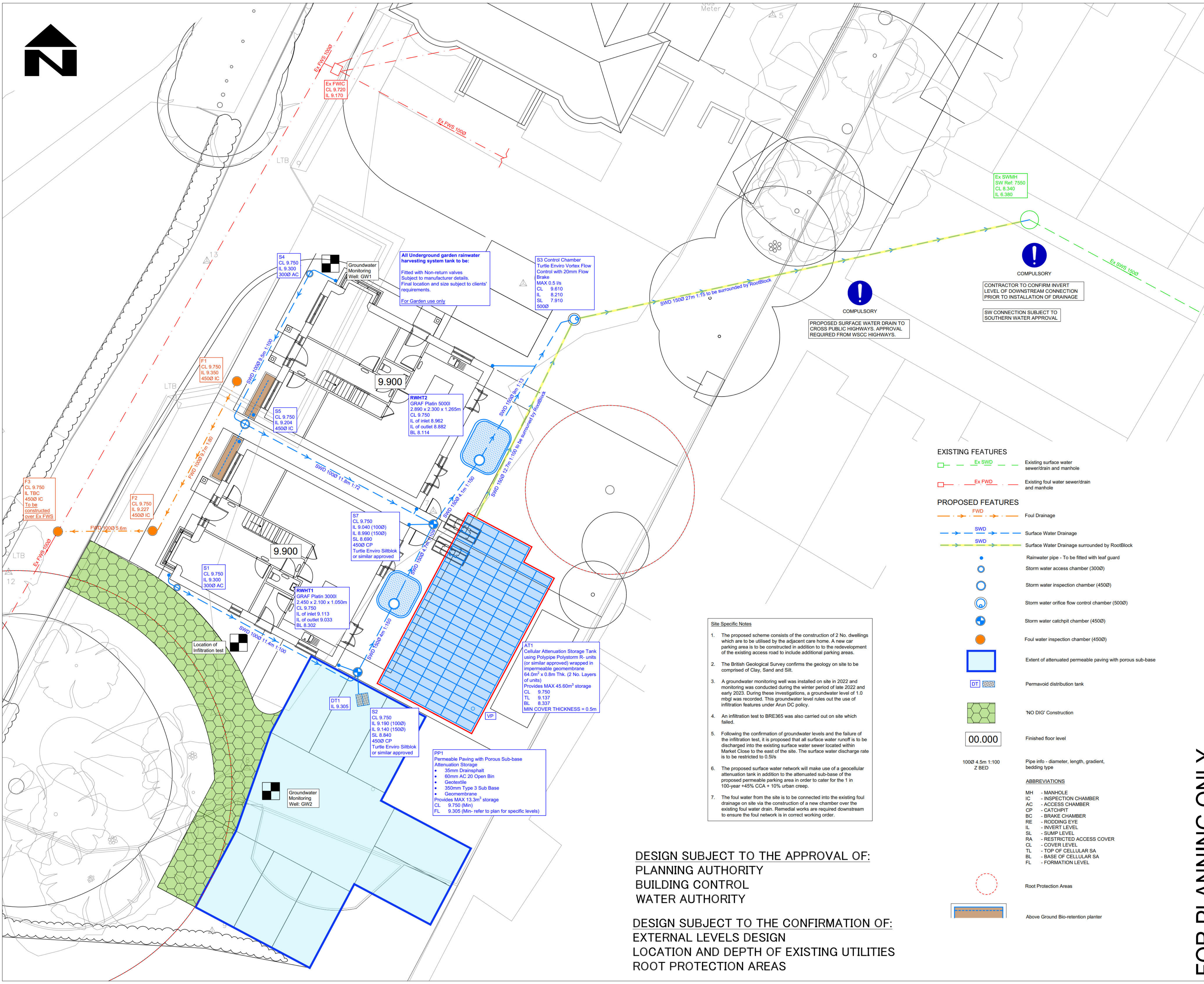
1.4.2 Below ground drainage pipes

- Below ground drainage pipes convey water to the SuDS system. They should always be free from obstruction to allow free flow.

Below Ground Drainage Pipes	
Regular Maintenance	Frequency
Inspect and identify any areas that are not operating correctly. If required, take remedial action.	Monthly for 3 months then annually
Remove debris from the catchment surface (where it may cause risks to performance)	Monthly
Remove sediment from pre-treatment inlet structures and inspection chambers.	Annually or as required
Maintain vegetation to designed limits within the vicinity of below ground drainage pipes and tanks.	Monthly or as required
Remedial Work	
Repair physical damage if necessary	As required
Monitoring	
Inspect all inlets, outlets and vents to ensure that they are in good conditions and operating as designed.	Annually
Survey inside of pipe runs for sediment build up and remove if necessary.	Every 5 years or as required

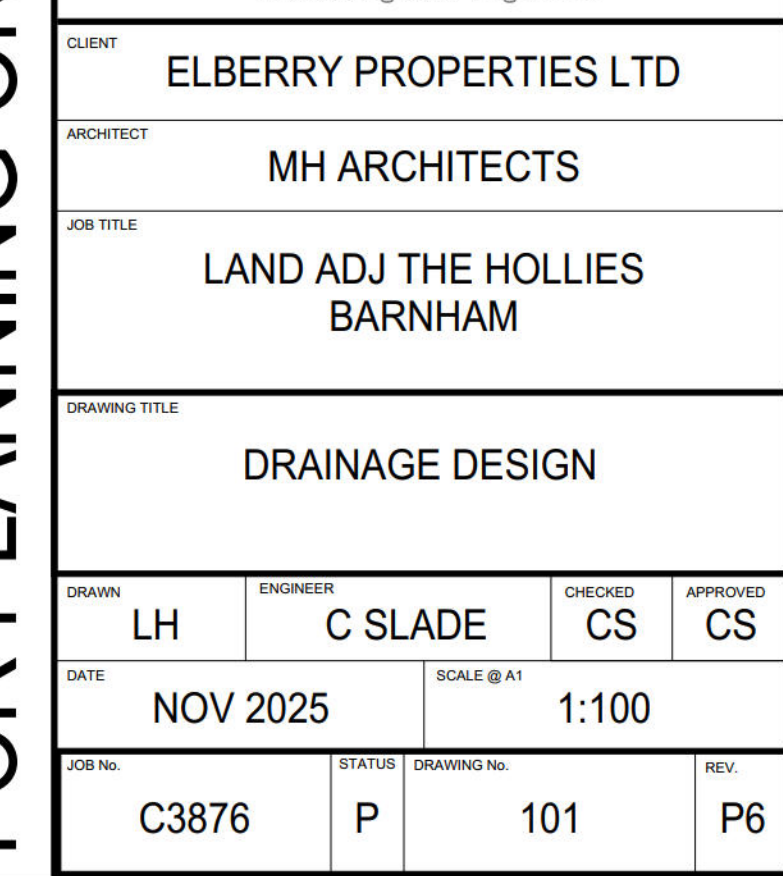
2 Appendices

Appendix A – Approved Planning Drawings



- | | |
|---|---|
| Prefixed to drawing numbers shall signify the following:- | |
| PL = PLANNING | Shall not be used for contract or construction purposes |
| P = PRELIMINARY | Shall not be used for contract or construction purposes |
| T = TENDER | Shall not be used for construction purposes |
| C = CONSTRUCTION | These are the <u>only</u> drawings that shall be used for construction purposes |
| R = RECORD | Record of actual completed work |

P6	24.08.26	REVISED SIZE OF RWHT FOLLOWING SIZING BY OTHERS	LH	CS	CS
	03.08.26	REVISED TO INCLUDE ROOTBOOTH AND PIPE GRADIENTS. ADD ADDITIONAL INFORMATION TO RWHT	LH	CS	CS
P4	19.05.26	REVISED TO SUIT NEW SITEPLAN	LH	CS	CS
P3	24.02.26	INCLUDED GWM AND INF TEST LOCATIONS	LH	CS	CS
P2	30.01.26	REVISED TO SUIT ADC COMMENTS	LH	CS	CS
P1	13.11.25	REVISED TO SUIT CLIENTS COMMENTS AND TO INCLUDE FOUL WATER DRAINAGE	LH	CS	CS
P-	11.11.25	PRELIMINARY ISSUE	LH	CS	CS
REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION	BY	CHK	APP



DESIGN SUBJECT TO THE CONFIRMATION OF:
EXTERNAL LEVELS DESIGN
LOCATION AND DEPTH OF EXISTING UTILITIES
ROOT PROTECTION AREAS