ARUN DISTRICT COUNCIL **Date:** 23/08/2016

ADC PARKS & GREENSPACE ARBORICULTURE

FROM: Dafydd Lloyd **TO:** Richard Temple

PLANNING APPLICATION: AW/223/16/T

ADDRESS: Flat 1 Strange Garden House Strange Garden Aldwick PO21 4AL

BRIEF DESCRIPTION: Reduce 1No. Holm Oak tree by 1m all over & shape.

INSPECTION DATE: 25/08/2016

RECOMMENDATION:

Objection		No Objection	x	Split Decision	
Comment	x	Recommendation	x	Suggested Conditions	x
Tree Replacement		**Dead/Dangerous**		CA & Amenity Value	

T1 Species: Holm Oak *Quercus ilex* **Height:** 11 meters **Average Branch Spread:** 5 meters **Crown Condition:** fair **Form:** fair **Age Class:** mature

Comments:

- The tree outlined in this application is located outside the northern area of Strange Garden House, Aldwick.

- For **T1**, the applicant has applied to reduce this specimen by 1 meter. From the site inspection it is evident that **T1** has received previous reduction/s. The applicants proposed reduction of 1 meter does emulate the previous reduction/s.

Recommendation:

- I would have no objection to the proposed 1 meter reduction that has been outlined in this application.

- The following condition must be adhered to when completing the proposed reduction:

Condition:

Reduction – LAW15

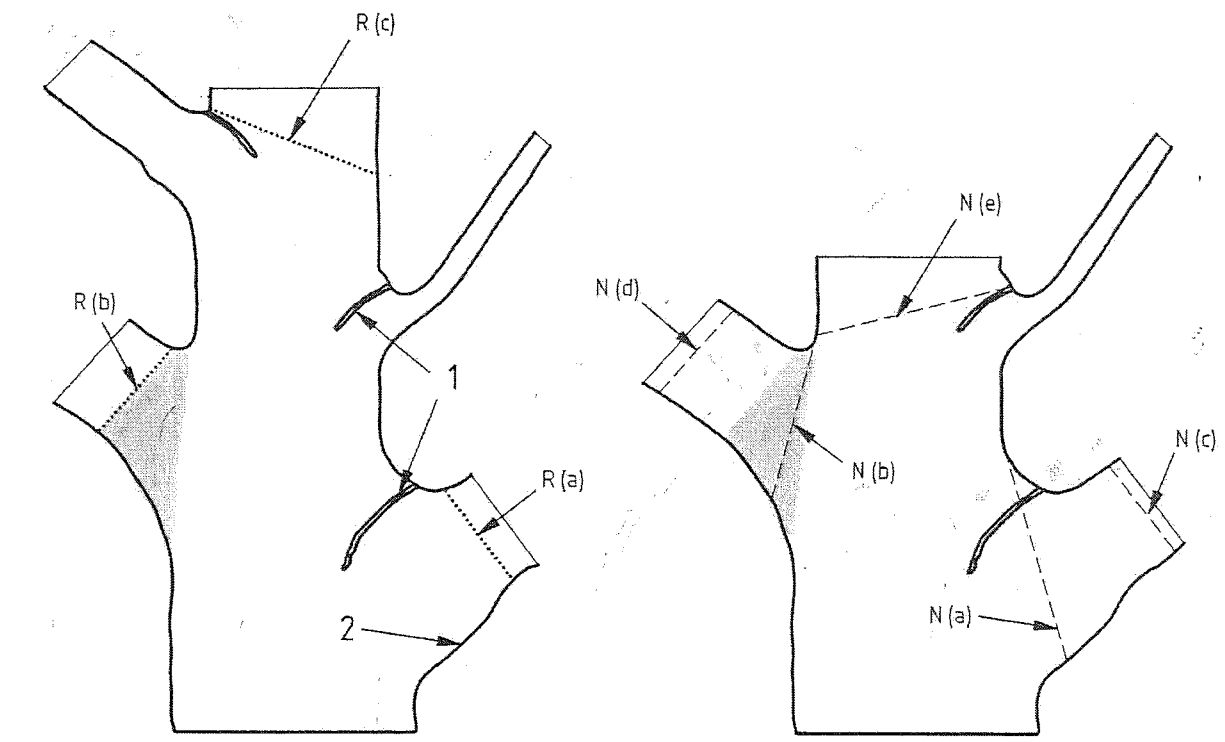
All side branches to be retained should be at least 1/3rd in diameter of the removed branch. Pruning cuts must be flat and smooth, kept as small as

possible by cutting at an optimum angle and should not exceed 100mm in diameter.

Reason: In the interests of the trees continued health and vitality to accord with current industry guidelines and sound arboricultural practice.

Dafydd Lloyd
Arun District Council
Tree Officer

Figure 2 **Positions of final cuts**



a) Recommended (R) b) Not recommended (N)

Key

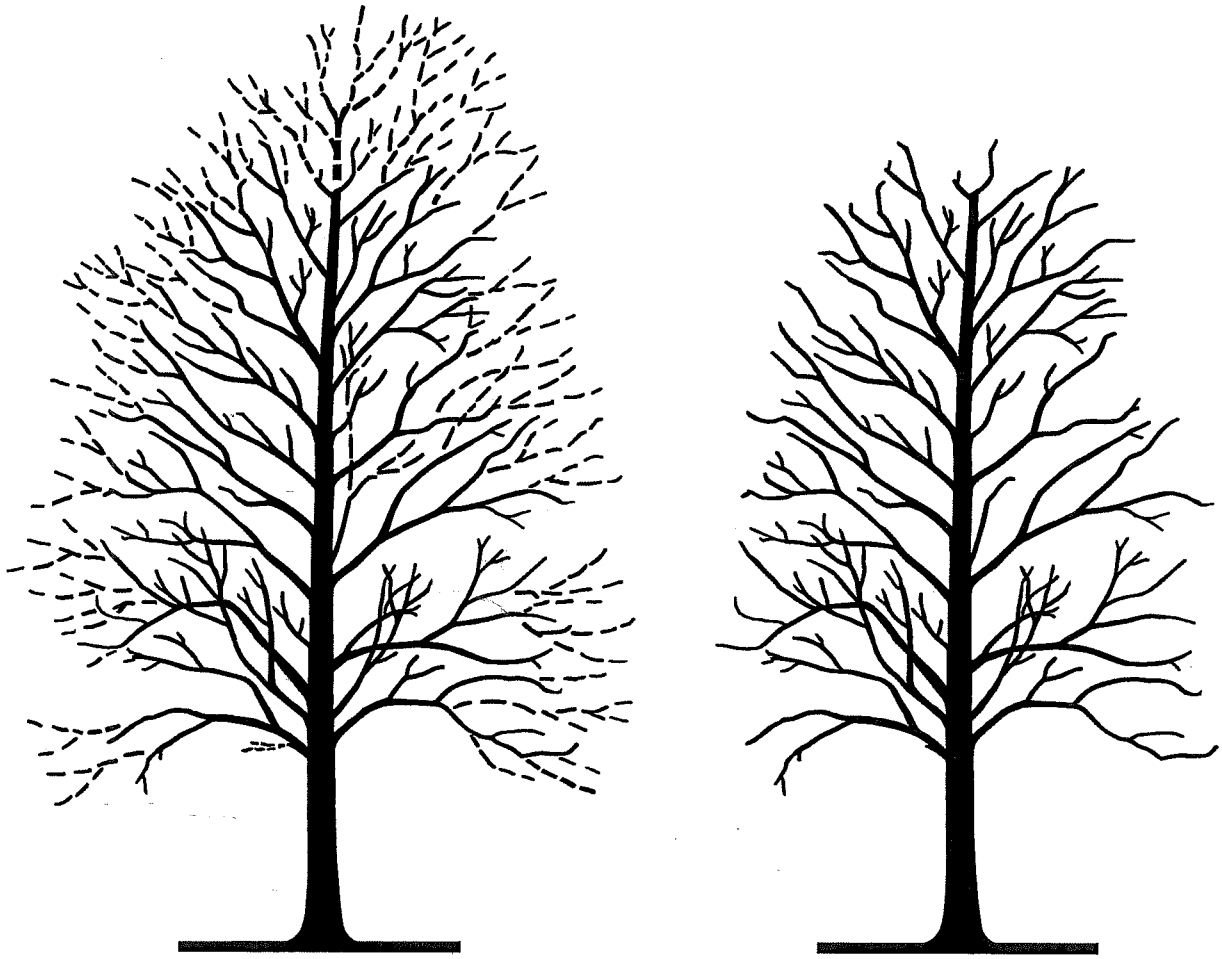
1	Branch bark ridges
2	Branch collar
R(a)	Cut where branch collar and branch bark ridge are apparent
R(b)	Cut where neither branch bark ridge nor branch collar are apparent
R(c)	Position for end-cut in crown reduction – maximum size of cut in relation to size of lateral branch
N(a)	Cut too close (removing the branch collar and cutting into the bark branch ridge)
N(b)	Cut too close (injuring parent stem in the crotch and too steeply angled)
N(c/d)	Cut too far out, leaving a stub (but see C.2, Note 2 for exceptions)
N(e)	Incorrect end cut (made beyond a branch that is too small, but see 7.2.4 regarding groups of branches, rather than one branch of a required size)
·····	Recommended cut
– – – –	Not recommended cut
▭	Basal flare of the branch that does not show a distinct collar or ridge

NOTE The optimum position and angle of the end-cut cannot be exactly prescribed, as branch unions vary considerably in their conformation.

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When specifying crown reduction and/or reshaping to create clearance from another structure or tree (see **7.8** and **7.9**), the points between which the clearance will be measured should be stated.

Figure 4 **Diagrammatic illustration of crown reduction**



a) Before crown reduction, showing material to be removed

b) After crown reduction

7.7.3 Follow-up work after crown reduction or reshaping

Following crown reduction or reshaping, the crown should generally be managed in accordance with one of the following objectives:

- to continue a phased programme of further crown reduction (see also Annex C);
- to maintain the reduced crown as a framework for cyclic management, whereby the new branches are periodically cut back close to their points of origin (as in pollarding; see **7.10**);
- to establish a new framework by "shoot renewal pruning", so that the crown attains a relatively natural appearance but remains smaller than before the reduction or reshaping.

To achieve the last of the above objectives, the new branches should be tip-pruned and thinned so as to encourage the growth of secondary branches, which should in turn be pruned and thinned as required to maintain the desired shape, size and density of crown.

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